

## PKA $\alpha$ reg Rabbit pAb

CatalogNo: YT3746

### | Key Features

#### Host Species

- Rabbit

#### Reactivity

- Human, Mouse, Rat

#### Applications

- WB, IHC, IF, ELISA

#### MW

- 43kD (Observed)

#### Isotype

- IgG

### | Recommended Dilution Ratios

**WB 1:500-1:2000**

**IHC 1:100-1:300**

**IF 1:200-1:1000**

**ELISA 1:20000**

**Not yet tested in other applications.**

### | Storage

**Storage\*** -15°C to -25°C/1 year (Do not lower than -25°C)

**Formulation** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

### | Basic Information

**Clonality** Polyclonal

### | Immunogen Information

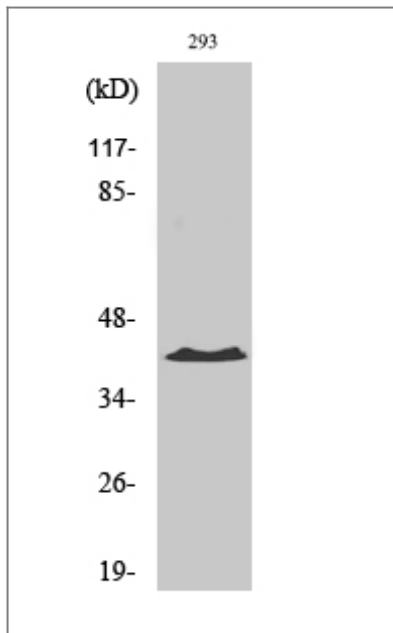
**Immunogen** The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human KAP0. AA range: 271-320

**Specificity** PKA  $\alpha$  reg Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of PKA  $\alpha$  reg protein.

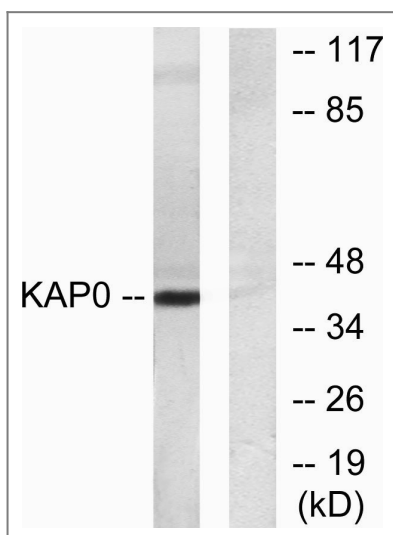
## | Target Information

Gene name	PRKAR1A		
Protein Name	cAMP-dependent protein kinase type I-alpha regulatory subunit		
	Organism	Gene ID	UniProt ID
	Human	<a href="#">5573</a> ;	<a href="#">P10644</a> ;
	Mouse	<a href="#">19084</a> ;	<a href="#">Q9DBC7</a> ;
	Rat	<a href="#">25725</a> ;	<a href="#">P09456</a> ;
Cellular Localization	Cell membrane .		
Tissue specificity	Four types of regulatory chains are found: I-alpha, I-beta, II-alpha, and II-beta. Their expression varies among tissues and is in some cases constitutive and in others inducible.		
Function	<p>Disease:Defects in PRKAR1A are the cause of Carney complex type 1 (CNC1) [MIM:160980]. CNC is a multiple neoplasia syndrome characterized by spotty skin pigmentation, cardiac and other myxomas, endocrine tumors, and psammomatous melanotic schwannomas.,Disease:Defects in PRKAR1A are the cause of intracardiac myxoma [MIM:255960]. Inheritance is autosomal recessive.,Disease:Defects in PRKAR1A are the cause of primary pigmented nodular adrenocortical disease type 1 (PPNAD1) [MIM:610489]. Primary pigmented nodular adrenocortical disease is a rare bilateral adrenal defect causing ACTH-independent Cushing syndrome. Macroscopic appearance of the adrenals is characteristic with small pigmented micronodules observed in the cortex. PPNAD1 is most often diagnosed in patients with Carney complex, but it can also be observed in patients without other manifestations or familial history.,PTM:The pseudophosphorylation site binds to the substrate-binding region of the catalytic chain, resulting in the inhibition of its activity.,similarity:Belongs to the cAMP-dependent kinase regulatory chain family.,similarity:Contains 2 cyclic nucleotide-binding domains.,subunit:The inactive form of the enzyme is composed of two regulatory chains and two catalytic chains. Activation by cAMP produces two active catalytic monomers and a regulatory dimer that binds four cAMP molecules. PRKAR1A also interacts with RFC2; the complex may be involved in cell survival. Interacts with AKAP4.,tissue specificity:Four types of regulatory chains are found: I-alpha, I-beta, II-alpha, and II-beta. Their expression varies among tissues and is in some cases constitutive and in others inducible.,</p>		

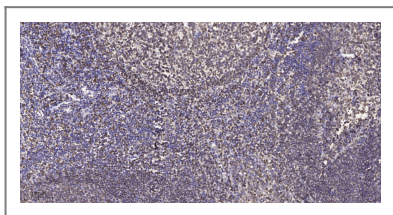
## | Validation Data



Western Blot analysis of 293 cells using PKA I $\alpha$  reg Polyclonal Antibody



Western blot analysis of lysates from HepG2 cells, using KAP0 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human tonsil. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Tris-EDTA,pH9.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 45min).

## Contact information

Orders: order.cn@immunoway.com  
 Support: support.cn@immunoway.com  
 Telephone: 400-8787-807(China)  
 Website: <http://www.immunoway.com.cn>  
 Address: 2200 Ringwood Ave San Jose, CA 95131 USA



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