Applications

WB,IHC,IF,ELISA



Fibronectin Rabbit pAb

CatalogNo: YT1733 Orthogonal Validated 💿

Key Features

Host Species Reactivity

Rabbit
Human, Mouse, Rat

MW Isotype • 260kD (Observed) • IgG

Recommended Dilution Ratios

WB 1:500-1:2000 IHC: 1:100-300 ELISA 1:20000 IF 1:100-300

Not yet tested in other applications.

Storage

Storage* -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Basic Information

Clonality Polyclonal

Immunogen Information

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

Fibronectin 1. AA range:2337-2386

Specificity FN1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of FN1 protein.

Target Information

Gene name

FN1

Protein Name

Fibronectin

Organism	Gene ID	UniProt ID
Human	<u>2335</u> ;	<u>P02751;</u>
Mouse	<u>14268;</u>	<u>P11276;</u>
Rat		<u>P04937</u> ;

Cellular Localization

Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix.

Tissue specificity Expressed in the inner limiting membrane and around blood vessels in the retina (at protein level) (PubMed:29777959). Plasma FN (soluble dimeric form) is secreted by hepatocytes. Cellular FN (dimeric or cross-linked multimeric forms), made by fibroblasts, epithelial and other cell types, is deposited as fibrils in the extracellular matrix. Ugl-Y1, Ugl-Y2 and Ugl-Y3 are found in urine (PubMed:17614963).

Function

Alternative products:Additional isoforms seem to exist, developmental stage:Ugl-Y1, Ugl-Y2 and Ugl-Y3 are present in the urine from 0 to 17 years of age., Disease: Defects in FN1 are the cause of glomerulopathy with fibronectin deposits type 2 (GFND2) [MIM:601894]; also known as familial glomerular nephritis with fibronectin deposits or fibronectin glomerulopathy. GFND is a genetically heterogeneous autosomal dominant disorder characterized clinically by proteinuria, microscopic hematuria, and hypertension that leads to end-stage renal failure in the second to fifth decade of life. Function: Fibronectins bind cell surfaces and various compounds including collagen, fibrin, heparin, DNA, and actin. Fibronectins are involved in cell adhesion, cell motility, opsonization, wound healing, and maintenance of cell shape. Interaction with TNR mediates inhibition of cell adhesion and neurite outgrowth., online information: Fibronectin entry, PTM: Forms covalent cross-links mediated by a transglutaminase, such as F13A or TGM2, between a glutamine and the epsilon-amino group of a lysine residue, forming homopolymers and heteropolymers (e.g. fibrinogen-fibronectin, collagen-fibronectin heteropolymers).,PTM:It is not known whether both or only one of Thr-2064 and Thr-2065 are/is glycosylated., PTM: Sulfated., similarity: Contains 12 fibronectin type-I

domains., similarity: Contains 16 fibronectin type-III domains., similarity: Contains 2 fibronectin type-II domains., subunit: Mostly heterodimers or multimers of alternatively spliced variants, connected by 2 disulfide bonds near the carboxyl ends; to a lesser extent homodimers. Interacts with FBLN1, AMBP, TNR, LGALS3BP and COL13A1. Interacts with FBLN7., tissue specificity: Plasma FN (soluble dimeric form) is secreted by hepatocytes. Cellular FN (dimeric or cross-linked multimeric forms), made by fibroblasts, epithelial and other cell types, is deposited as fibrils in the extracellular matrix. Ugl-Y1, Ugl-Y2 and Ugl-Y3 are found in urine...

I Validation Data

| Contact information

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Please scan the QR code to access additional product information: **Fibronectin Rabbit pAb**

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Antibody | ELISA Kits | Protein | Reagents