

BTR1 Rabbit pAb

CatalogNo: YT0545

| Key Features

Host Species

- Rabbit

Reactivity

- Human, Mouse

Applications

- WB, ELISA

MW

- 100kD (Observed)

Isotype

- IgG

| Recommended Dilution Ratios

WB 1:500-1:2000

ELISA 1:20000

Not yet tested in other applications.

| Storage

Storage*

-15°C to -25°C/1 year (Do not lower than -25°C)

Formulation

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

| Basic Information

Clonality

Polyclonal

| Immunogen Information

Immunogen

The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human SLC4A11. AA range: 291-340

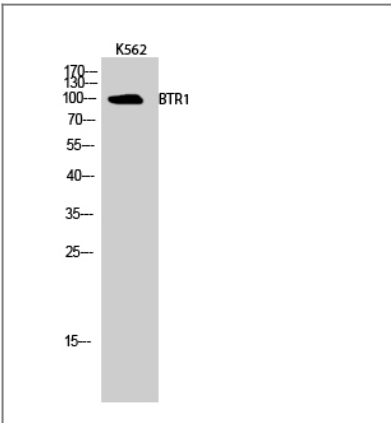
Specificity

BTR1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of BTR1 protein.

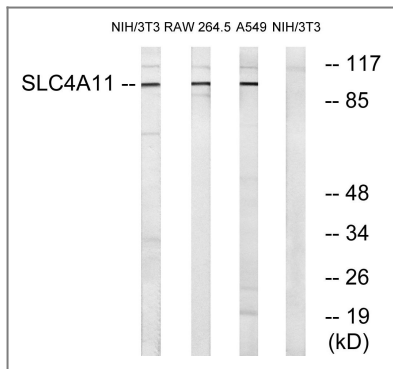
| Target Information

Gene name	SLC4A11		
Protein Name	Sodium bicarbonate transporter-like protein 11		
	Organism	Gene ID	UniProt ID
	Human	83959 ;	Q8NBS3 ;
	Mouse		A2AJN7 ;
Cellular Localization	Cell membrane ; Multi-pass membrane protein . Basolateral cell membrane ; Multi-pass membrane protein .		
Tissue specificity	Widely expressed. Highly expressed in kidney, testis, salivary gland, thyroid, trachea and corneal endothelium. Not detected in retina and lymphocytes. ; [Isoform 3]: Expressed in corneal endothelium (at protein level). ; [Isoform 5]: The predominant isoform in corneal endothelium (at protein level).		
Function	Disease:Defects in SLC4A11 are the cause of corneal dystrophy and perceptive deafness (CDPD) [MIM:217400]; also known as corneal dystrophy and sensorineural deafness or Harboyan syndrome. CDPD consists of congenital corneal endothelial dystrophy and progressive perceptive deafness. Inheritance is autosomal recessive.,Disease:Defects in SLC4A11 are the cause of corneal endothelial dystrophy type 2 (CHED2) [MIM:217700]; also known as congenital hereditary endothelial dystrophy of cornea. This bilateral corneal dystrophy is characterized by corneal opacification and nystagmus. Inheritance is autosomal recessive.,Function:Transporter involved in borate homeostasis. In the absence of borate, it functions as a Na(+) and OH(-)(H(+)) channel. In the presence of borate functions as an electrogenic Na(+) coupled borate cotransporter.,PTM:Glycosylated.,similarity:Belongs to the anion exchanger (TC 2.A.31) family.,tissue specificity:Widely expressed. Highly expressed in kidney, testis, salivary gland, thyroid, trachea and corneal endothelium. Not detected in retina and lymphocytes.,		

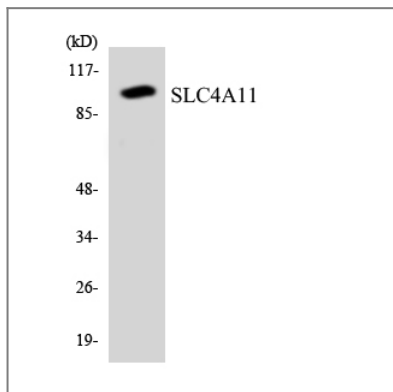
Validation Data



Western Blot analysis of K562 cells using BTR1 Polyclonal Antibody



Western blot analysis of lysates from NIH/3T3, RAW264.7, and A549 cells, using SLC4A11 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of the lysates from HT-29 cells using SLC4A11 antibody.

Contact information

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Please scan the QR code to access additional product information:
BTR1 Rabbit pAb

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

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