

## p47-phox (Phospho Ser328) Rabbit pAb

CatalogNo: YP1018

Orthogonal Validated 

### Key Features

#### Host Species

- Rabbit

#### Reactivity

- Human, Mouse, Rat, Cow

#### Applications

- WB, IHC, IF, ELISA

#### MW

- 45kD (Calculated)

#### Isotype

- IgG

### Recommended Dilution Ratios

**WB 1:500-2000****IHC 1:100-1:300****ELISA 1:10000****IF 1:50-200**

### Storage

**Storage\*** -15°C to -25°C/1 year (Do not lower than -25°C)**Formulation** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

### Basic Information

**Clonality** Polyclonal

### Immunogen Information

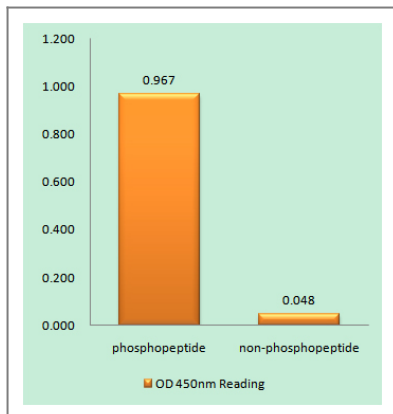
**Immunogen** The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Neutrophil Cytosol Factor 1 around the phosphorylation site of Ser328. AA range: 301-350

**Specificity** Phospho-p47-phox (S328) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of p47-phox protein only when phosphorylated at S328.The name of modified sites may be influenced by many factors, such as species (the modified site was not originally found in human samples) and the change of protein sequence (the previous protein sequence is incomplete, and the protein sequence may be prolonged with the development of protein sequencing technology). When naming, we will use the "numbers" in historical reference to keep the sites consistent with the reports. The antibody binds to the following modification sequence (lowercase letters are modification sites):RNsVR

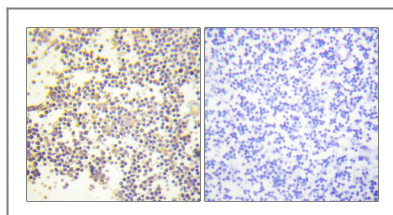
## | Target Information

Gene name	NCF1		
Protein Name	Neutrophil cytosol factor 1		
	Organism	Gene ID	UniProt ID
	Human	<a href="#">653361</a> ;	<a href="#">P14598</a> ;
	Mouse	<a href="#">17969</a> ;	<a href="#">Q09014</a> ;
Cellular Localization	Cytoplasm, cytosol . Membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein ; Cytoplasmic side .		
Tissue specificity	Detected in peripheral blood monocytes and neutrophils (at protein level).		
Function	Disease:Defects in NCF1 are the cause of chronic granulomatous disease autosomal recessive cytochrome-b-positive type 1 (CGD1) [MIM:233700]. Chronic granulomatous disease is a genetically heterogeneous disorder characterized by the inability of neutrophils and phagocytes to kill microbes that they have ingested. Patients suffer from life-threatening bacterial/fungal infections.,Function:NCF2, NCF1, and a membrane bound cytochrome b558 are required for activation of the latent NADPH oxidase (necessary for superoxide production).,online information:NCF1 deficiency database,similarity:Contains 1 PX (phox homology) domain.,similarity:Contains 2 SH3 domains.,subunit:Interacts with NOXA1.,		

## | Validation Data



Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using Neutrophil Cytosol Factor 1 (Phospho-Ser328) Antibody



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human tonsil, using Neutrophil Cytosol Factor 1 (Phospho-Ser328) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.

## Contact information

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Please scan the QR code to access additional product information:  
**p47-phox (Phospho Ser328) Rabbit pAb**

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