

STAT4 (Phospho Tyr693) Rabbit pAb

CatalogNo: YP0593

Key Features

Host Species

Rabbit

Reactivity

· Human, Mouse, Rat

Applications
• WB,IHC,IF,ELISA

MW85kD (Observed)

IsotypeIgG

Recommended Dilution Ratios

WB 1:500-1:2000 IHC 1:100-1:300 ELISA 1:20000 IF 1:50-200

Storage

Storage* -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Basic Information

Clonality Polyclonal

Immunogen Information

Immunogen Synthesized phospho-peptide around the phosphorylation site of human STAT4 (phospho

Tyr693)

Specificity

Phospho-STAT4 (Y693) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of STAT4 protein only when phosphorylated at Y693. The name of modified sites may be influenced by many factors, such as species (the modified site was not originally found in human samples) and the change of protein sequence (the previous protein sequence is incomplete, and the protein sequence may be prolonged with the development of protein sequencing technology). When naming, we will use the "numbers" in historical reference to keep the sites consistent with the reports. The antibody binds to the following modification sequence (lowercase letters are modification sites):KGyVP

Target Information

Gene name

STAT4

Protein Name

Signal transducer and activator of transcription 4

Organism	Gene ID	UniProt ID	
Human	<u>6775</u> ;	<u>Q14765;</u>	
Mouse	<u>20849;</u>	P42228;	

Cellular Localization

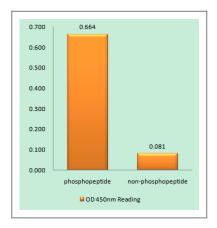
Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Translocated into the nucleus in response to phosphorylation.

Tissue specificity Brain, Kidney, Pancreas, Spleen, Testis, Uterus,

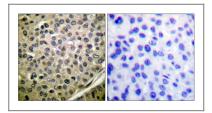
Function

Disease: Genetic variations in STAT4 are associated with susceptibility to rheumatoid arthritis (RA) [MIM:180300]. Rheumatoid arthritis is a complex, multifactorial disorder. It is one of the most common autoimmune diseases and it is characterized by inflammation of synovial tissue and joint destruction., Disease: Genetic variations in STAT4 are associated with susceptibility to systemic lupus erythematosus type 11 (SLEB11) [MIM:612253]. Systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE) is a chronic autoimmune disease with a complex genetic basis. SLE is an inflammatory, and often febrile multisystemic disorder of connective tissue characterized principally by involvement of the skin, joints, kidneys, and serosal membranes. It is thought to represent a failure of the regulatory mechanisms of the autoimmune system., Function: Carries out a dual Function: signal transduction and activation of transcription. Involved in IL12 signaling, PTM:Tyrosine phosphorylated. Serine phosphorylation is also required for maximal transcriptional activity., similarity: Belongs to the transcription factor STAT family., similarity: Contains 1 SH2 domain., subcellular location:Translocated into the nucleus in response to phosphorylation., subunit:Forms a homodimer or a heterodimer with a related family member (By similarity). The SH2 domain interacts, in vitro, with IL12RB2 via a short cytoplasmic domain.,

Validation Data



Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using STAT4 (Phospho-Tyr693) Antibody



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast cancer, using STAT4 (Phospho-Tyr693) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the STAT4 (Phospho-Tyr693) peptide.

| Contact information

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Please scan the QR code to access additional product information:

STAT4 (Phospho Tyr693) Rabbit pAb

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Antibody | ELISA Kits | Protein | Reagents