

## SGK1 (Phospho Ser78) Rabbit pAb

CatalogNo: YP0333 **Orthogonal Validated** 

### Key Features

#### Host Species

- Rabbit

#### Reactivity

- Human, Mouse, Rat

#### Applications

- WB, ELISA, IHC

#### MW

- 54kD (Observed)

#### Isotype

- IgG

### Storage

**Storage\*** -15°C to -25°C/1 year (Do not lower than -25°C)

**Formulation** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

### Recommended Dilution Ratios

**WB 1:500-2000**

**IHC 1:50-300**

**ELISA 1:2000-20000**

### Basic Information

**Clonality** Polyclonal

### Immunogen Information

**Immunogen** The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human SGK around the phosphorylation site of Ser78. AA range:41-90

**Specificity** Phospho-SGK1 (S78) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of SGK1 protein only when phosphorylated at S78. The name of modified sites may be influenced by many factors, such as species (the modified site was not originally found in human samples) and the change of protein sequence (the previous protein sequence is incomplete, and the protein sequence may be prolonged with the development of protein sequencing technology). When naming, we will use the "numbers" in historical reference to keep the sites consistent with the reports. The antibody binds to the following modification sequence (lowercase letters are modification sites):PPsPS

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## | Target Information

**Gene name** SGK1

**Protein Name** Serine/threonine-protein kinase Sgk1

Organism	Gene ID	UniProt ID
Human	<a href="#">6446</a> ;	<a href="#">O00141</a> ;
Mouse	<a href="#">20393</a> ;	<a href="#">Q9WVC6</a> ;
Rat		<a href="#">Q06226</a> ;

**Cellular Localization**

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane. Cell membrane. Mitochondrion. The subcellular localization is controlled by the cell cycle , as well as by exposure to specific hormones and environmental stress stimuli. In proliferating cells , it shuttles between the nucleus and cytoplasm in synchrony with the cell cycle , and in serum/growth factor-stimulated cells it resides in the nucleus. In contrast , after exposure to environmental stress or treatment with glucocorticoids , it is detected in the cytoplasm and with certain stress conditions is associated with the mitochondria. In osmoregulation through the epithelial sodium channel , it can be localized to the cytoplasmic surface of the cell membrane. Nuclear , upon phosphorylation.; [Isoform 2]: Cell membrane.

**Tissue specificity**

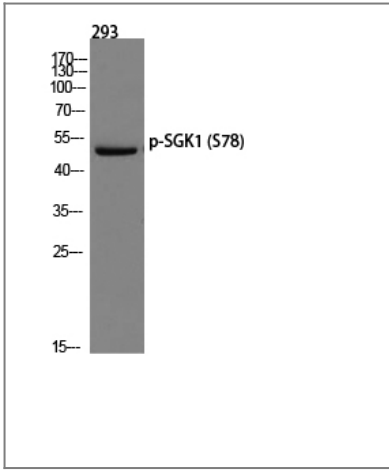
Expressed in most tissues with highest levels in the pancreas , followed by placenta , kidney and lung. Isoform 2 is strongly expressed in brain and pancreas , weaker in heart , placenta , lung , liver and skeletal muscle.

**Function**

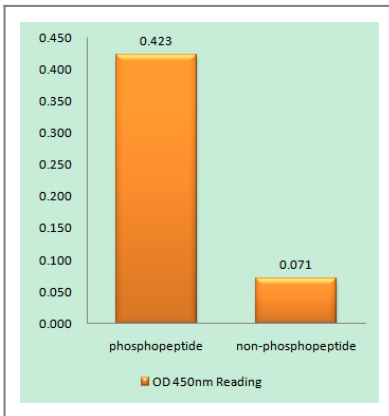
Catalytic activity:ATP + a protein = ADP + a phosphoprotein. ,enzyme regulation:Two specific sites , one in the kinase domain (Thr-256) and the other in the C-terminal regulatory region (Ser-422) , need to be phosphorylated for its full activation. ,Function:Protein kinase that plays an important role in cellular stress response. Activates certain potassium , sodium , and chloride channels , suggesting an involvement in the regulation of processes such as cell survival , neuronal excitability , and renal sodium excretion. Sustained high levels and activity may contribute to conditions such as hypertension and diabetic nephropathy. Mediates cell survival signals , phosphorylates and negatively regulates pro-apoptotic FOXO3A. Phosphorylates NEDD4L , which leads to its inactivation and to the subsequent activation of various channels and transporters such as ENaC , Kv1.3 , or EAAT1. ,induction:By serum and/or glucocorticoids. By excessive extracellular glucose and by TGF-beta , in cultured cells. ,PTM:Regulated by phosphorylation. Phosphoinositide 3-kinase (PI3-kinase) pathway promotes phosphorylation at Ser-422 which in turn increases the phosphorylation of Thr-256 by PDPK1. ,PTM:Ubiquitinated by NEDD4L; which promotes proteasomal degradation. Ubiquitinated by SYVN1 at the endoplasmic reticulum; which promotes rapid proteasomal degradation and maintains a high turnover rate in resting cells. ,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. AGC Ser/Thr protein kinase family. ,similarity:Contains 1 AGC-kinase C-terminal domain. ,similarity:Contains 1 protein kinase domain. ,subcellular location:Nuclear , upon phosphorylation. ,subunit:Interacts with NEDD4 and NEDD4L. ,tissue specificity:Expressed in most tissues with highest levels in the pancreas , followed by placenta , kidney and lung. ,

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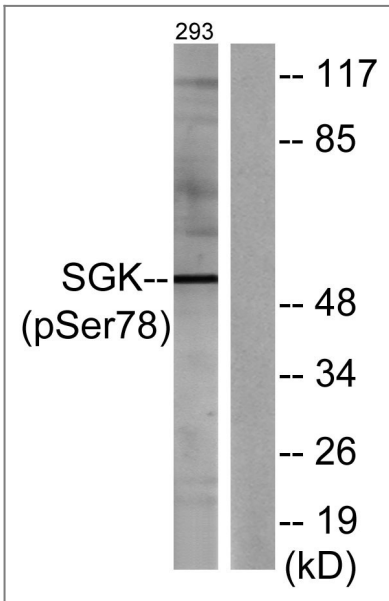
## | Validation Data



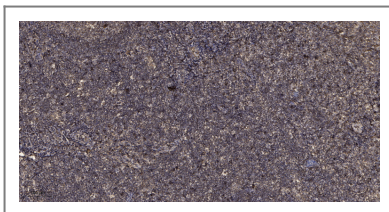
Western blot analysis of 293 using p-SGK1 (S78) antibody. Antibody was diluted at 1:2000



Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using SGK (Phospho-Ser78) Antibody



Western blot analysis of lysates from 293 cells treated with UV 15', using SGK (Phospho-Ser78) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human tonsil. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200 (4°C overnight). 2, Tris-EDTA, pH9.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3, Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200 (room temperature, 45min).

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Please scan the QR code  
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**SGK1 (Phospho  
Ser78) Rabbit pAb**

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