

## COX6B1 Rabbit pAb

CatalogNo: YN6077

### | Key Features

#### Host Species

- Rabbit

#### Reactivity

- Human, Mouse, Rat

#### Applications

- WB

#### MW

- 9kD (Calculated)

#### Isotype

- IgG

### | Recommended Dilution Ratios

WB 1:500-2000

### | Storage

#### Storage\*

-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

#### Formulation

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

### | Basic Information

#### Clonality

Polyclonal

### | Immunogen Information

#### Immunogen

Synthesized peptide derived from human COX6B1

#### Specificity

This antibody detects endogenous levels of COX6B1 at Human, Mouse, Rat

### | Target Information

#### Gene name

COX6B1 COX6B

<b>Protein Name</b>	Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 6B1 (Cytochrome c oxidase subunit VIb isoform 1) (COX VIb-1)		
	<b>Organism</b>	<b>Gene ID</b>	<b>UniProt ID</b>
	Human	<a href="#">1340</a> ;	<a href="#">P14854</a> ;
	Mouse	<a href="#">110323</a> ;	<a href="#">P56391</a> ;
	Rat		<a href="#">P80430</a> ;
<b>Cellular Localization</b>	Mitochondrion inner membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein ; Intermembrane side .		
<b>Function</b>	<p>Component of the cytochrome c oxidase, the last enzyme in the mitochondrial electron transport chain which drives oxidative phosphorylation. The respiratory chain contains 3 multisubunit complexes succinate dehydrogenase (complex II, CII), ubiquinol-cytochrome c oxidoreductase (cytochrome b-c1 complex, complex III, CIII) and cytochrome c oxidase (complex IV, CIV), that cooperate to transfer electrons derived from NADH and succinate to molecular oxygen, creating an electrochemical gradient over the inner membrane that drives transmembrane transport and the ATP synthase. Cytochrome c oxidase is the component of the respiratory chain that catalyzes the reduction of oxygen to water. Electrons originating from reduced cytochrome c in the intermembrane space (IMS) are transferred via the dinuclear copper A center (CU(A)) of subunit 2 and heme A of subunit 1 to the active site in subunit 1, a binuclear center (BNC) formed by heme A3 and copper B (CU(B)). The BNC reduces molecular oxygen to 2 water molecules using 4 electrons from cytochrome c in the IMS and 4 protons from the mitochondrial matrix.</p>		

| Validation Data

| Contact information

Orders:

order.cn@immunoway.com

Support:

support.cn@immunoway.com

Telephone:

400-8787-807(China)

Website:

http://www.immunoway.com.cn

Address:

2200 Ringwood Ave San Jose, CA 95131 USA



Please scan the QR code to access additional product information:

**COX6B1 Rabbit pAb**