

IMA1 Rabbit pAb

CatalogNo: YN0804

Key Features

Host Species

Rabbit

Reactivity

· Human, Mouse, Rat

ApplicationsWB,ELISA

MW

59kD (Observed)

IsotypeIgG

Recommended Dilution Ratios

WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000

Storage

Storage* -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Basic Information

Clonality Polyclonal

Immunogen Information

Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from part region of human protein

Specificity IMA1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.

| Target Information

Gene name KPNA1 RCH2

Protein Name

Importin subunit alpha-1 (Karyopherin subunit alpha-1) (Nucleoprotein interactor 1) (NPI-1) (RAG cohort protein 2) (SRP1-beta)

Organism	Gene ID	UniProt ID
Human	<u>3836;</u>	<u>P52294;</u>
Mouse		<u>Q60960;</u>
Rat		<u>P83953;</u>

Cellular Localization

Cytoplasm . Nucleus .

Tissue specificity Expressed ubiquitously.

Function

Domain: Consists of an N-terminal hydrophilic region, a hydrophobic central region composed of 10 repeats, and a short hydrophilic C-terminus. The N-terminal hydrophilic region contains the importin beta binding domain (IBB domain), which is sufficient for binding importin beta and essential for nuclear protein import., Domain: The IBB domain is thought to act as an intrasteric autoregulatory sequence by interacting with the internal autoinhibitory NLS. Binding of KPNB1 probably overlaps the internal NLS and contributes to a high affinity for cytoplasmic NLS-containing cargo substrates. After dissociation of the importin/substrate complex in the nucleus the internal autohibitory NLS contributes to a low affinity for nuclear NLS-containing proteins., Domain: The major and minor NLS binding sites are mainly involved in recognition of simple or bipartite NLS motifs. Structurally located within in a helical surface groove they contain several conserved Trp and Asn residues of the corresponding third helices (H3) of ARM repeats which mainly contribute to binding., Function: Functions in nuclear protein import as an adapter protein for nuclear receptor KPNB1. Binds specifically and directly to substrates containing either a simple or bipartite NLS motif. Docking of the importin/substrate complex to the nuclear pore complex (NPC) is mediated by KPNB1 through binding to nucleoporin FxFG repeats and the complex is subsequently translocated through the pore by an energy requiring, Ran-dependent mechanism. At the nucleoplasmic side of the NPC, Ran binds to importin-beta and the three components separate and importin-alpha and -beta are re-exported from the nucleus to the cytoplasm where GTP hydrolysis releases Ran from importin. The directionality of nuclear import is thought to be conferred by an asymmetric distribution of the GTP- and GDP-bound forms of Ran between the cytoplasm and nucleus. In vitro, mediates the nuclear import of human cytomegalovirus UL84 by recognizing a non-classical NLS., similarity: Belongs to the importin alpha family., similarity: Contains 1 IBB domain., similarity: Contains 10 ARM repeats., subunit: Forms a complex with importin subunit beta-1. Interacts with ANP32E (By similarity). Interacts with the nucleoprotein of influenza A viruses. Binds to HCMV (human cytomegalovirus) UL84, HIV-1 Vpr and to ebolavirus VP24.,tissue specificity:Expressed ubiquitously.,

Validation Data

| Contact information

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For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Antibody | ELISA Kits | Protein | Reagents