

## CNGB3 Rabbit pAb

CatalogNo: YN0624

### Key Features

#### Host Species

- Rabbit

#### Reactivity

- Human, Mouse

#### Applications

- WB, ELISA

#### MW

- 88kD (Observed)

#### Isotype

- IgG

### Recommended Dilution Ratios

WB 1:500-2000

ELISA 1:5000-20000

### Storage

#### Storage\*

-15°C to -25°C/1 year (Do not lower than -25°C)

#### Formulation

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

### Basic Information

#### Clonality

Polyclonal

### Immunogen Information

#### Immunogen

Synthesized peptide derived from part region of human protein

#### Specificity

CNGB3 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.

### Target Information

#### Gene name

CNGB3

<b>Protein Name</b>	Cyclic nucleotide-gated cation channel beta-3 (Cone photoreceptor cGMP-gated channel subunit beta) (Cyclic nucleotide-gated cation channel modulatory subunit) (Cyclic nucleotide-gated channel beta-3) (CNG channel beta-3)		
	<b>Organism</b>	<b>Gene ID</b>	<b>UniProt ID</b>
	Human	<a href="#">54714;</a>	<a href="#">Q9NQW8;</a>
	Mouse		<a href="#">Q9JJZ9;</a>
<b>Cellular Localization</b>	Membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.		
<b>Tissue specificity</b>	Expressed specifically in the retina.		
<b>Function</b>	<p>Disease:Defects in CNGB3 are the cause of achromatopsia type 3 (ACHM3) [MIM:262300]; also known as Pingelapese blindness. ACHM3 is a congenital complete achromatopsia and is distinct from total colorblindness mainly because of the consistent concurrence of severe myopia.,Disease:Defects in CNGB3 are the cause of Stargardt disease type 1 (STGD1) [MIM:248200]. STGD is one of the most frequent causes of macular degeneration in childhood. It is characterized by macular dystrophy with juvenile-onset, rapidly progressive course, alterations of the peripheral retina, and subretinal deposition of lipofuscin-like material. STGD1 inheritance is autosomal recessive.,Function:Visual signal transduction is mediated by a G-protein coupled cascade using cGMP as second messenger. This protein can be activated by cGMP which leads to an opening of the cation channel and thereby causing a depolarization of rod photoreceptors. Induced a flickering channel gating, weakened the outward rectification in the presence of extracellular calcium, increased sensitivity for L-cis diltiazem and enhanced the cAMP efficiency of the channel when coexpressed with CNGA3 (By similarity). Essential for the generation of light-evoked electrical responses in the red-, green- and blue sensitive cones.,similarity:Belongs to the cyclic nucleotide-gated cation channel (TC 1.A.1.5) family.,similarity:Contains 1 cyclic nucleotide-binding domain.,subunit:Heterooligomeric complex with CNGA3.,tissue specificity:Expressed specifically in the retina.,</p>		

## | Validation Data

## | Contact information

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