

## CRY1 Rabbit pAb

CatalogNo: YN0189

Orthogonal Validated 

### Key Features

#### Host Species

- Rabbit

#### Reactivity

- Human, Mouse, Rat

#### Applications

- WB, ELISA

#### MW

- 64kD (Observed)

#### Isotype

- IgG

### Recommended Dilution Ratios

**WB 1:500-2000****ELISA 1:5000-20000**

### Storage

**Storage\*** -15°C to -25°C/1 year (Do not lower than -25°C)**Formulation** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

### Basic Information

**Clonality** Polyclonal

### Immunogen Information

**Immunogen** Synthesized peptide derived from human protein . at AA range: 120-200**Specificity** CRY1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.

### Target Information

**Gene name** CRY1 PHLL1

<b>Protein Name</b>	Cryptochrome-1		
	<b>Organism</b>	<b>Gene ID</b>	<b>UniProt ID</b>
	Human	<a href="#">1407;</a>	<a href="#">Q16526;</a>
	Mouse		<a href="#">P97784;</a>
	Rat		<a href="#">Q32Q86;</a>
<b>Cellular Localization</b>	Cytoplasm. Nucleus . Translocated to the nucleus through interaction with other clock proteins such as PER2 or ARNTL/BMAL1. .		
<b>Tissue specificity</b>	Brain,Fibroblast,Testis,		
<b>Function</b>	cofactor: Binds 1 5,10-methenyltetrahydrofolate non-covalently per subunit.,cofactor: Binds 1 FAD per subunit.,Function: Blue light-dependent regulator of the circadian feedback loop. Inhibits CLOCK NPAS2-ARNTL E box-mediated transcription. Acts, in conjunction with CRY2, in maintaining period length and circadian rhythmicity. Has no photolyase activity. Capable of translocating circadian clock core proteins such as PER proteins to the nucleus. May inhibit CLOCK NPAS2-ARNTL transcriptional activity through stabilizing the unphosphorylated form of ARNTL.,induction: Expression is regulated by light and circadian rhythms. Peak expression in the suprachiasma nucleus (SCN) and eye at the day/night transition (CT12). Levels decrease with ARNTL-CLOCK inhibition as part of the autoregulatory feedback loop.,online information: Cryptochrome entry,PTM: Phosphorylation on Ser-247 by MAPK is important for the inhibition of CLOCK-ARNTL-mediated transcriptional activity. Phosphorylation by CSNK1E requires interaction with PER1 or PER2.,similarity: Belongs to the DNA photolyase class-1 family.,similarity: Contains 1 DNA photolyase domain.,subcellular location: Translocated to the nucleus through interaction with other Clock proteins such as PER2 or ARNTL.,subunit: Component of the circadian core oscillator, which includes the CRY proteins, CLOCK or NPAS2, ARNTL or ARNTL2, CSNK1D and/or CSNK1E, TIMELESS, and the PER proteins. Interacts directly with TIMELESS and the PER proteins. Interacts directly with PER1 and PER2 C-terminal domains. Interaction with PER2 inhibits its ubiquitination and vice versa. Binds MAPK.,		

## | Validation Data

## | Contact information

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