

CACNA1F (PT0769R) PT® Rabbit mAb

CatalogNo: YM8594 Recombinant R

Key Features

Host Species Reactivity Applications
• Rabbit • Human • WB,FC

MW Isotype
• 217kD (Observed) IgG,Kappa

Recommended Dilution Ratios

WB 1:1000-5000 FC 1:100-300

Storage

Storage* -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Formulation PBS, 50% glycerol, 0.05% Proclin 300, 0.05%BSA

Basic Information

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone Number PT0769R

Immunogen Information

Specificity Endogenous

| Target Information

Gene name CACNA1F;CACNAF1

Protein Name

Voltage-dependent L-type calcium channel subunit alpha-1F; Voltage-gated calcium channel subunit alpha Cav1.4;

Organ	nism G	Gene ID	UniProt ID
Hum	an	<u>778</u> ;	<u>060840</u> ;
Mou	se		Q9JIS7;

Cellular Localization

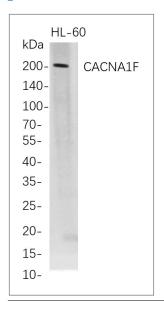
Membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

Tissue specificity Expression in skeletal muscle and retina (PubMed:10873387). Isoform 4 is expressed in retina (PubMed:27226626). {ECO:0000269|PubMed:10873387, ECO:0000269|PubMed:27226626}.

Function

[Isoform 1]: Voltage-sensitive calcium channels (VSCC) mediate the entry of calcium ions into excitable cells and are also involved in a variety of calcium-dependent processes, including muscle contraction, hormone or neurotransmitter release, gene expression, cell motility, cell division and cell death. The isoform alpha-1F gives rise to L-type calcium currents. Long-lasting (L-type) calcium channels belong to the 'high-voltage activated' (HVA) group. They are blocked by dihydropyridines (DHP), phenylalkylamines, and by benzothiazepines. Activates at more negative voltages and does not undergo calciumdependent inactivation (CDI), due to incoming calcium ions, during depolarization. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:15897456, ECO:0000269|PubMed:27226626}.; [Isoform 4]: Voltage-dependent L-type calcium channel activates at more hyperpolarized voltages and exhibits a robust calcium-dependent inactivation (CDI), due to incoming calcium ions, during depolarizations. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:27226626}.; [Isoform 5]: Voltage-sensitive calcium channels (VSCC) mediate the entry of calcium ions into excitable cells and are also involved in a variety of calcium-dependent processes, including muscle contraction, hormone or neurotransmitter release, gene expression, cell motility, cell division and cell death. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:27226626}.; [Isoform 6]: Voltage-dependent L-type calcium channel activates at more hyperpolarized voltages and exhibits a robust calcium-dependent inactivation (CDI), due to incoming calcium ions, during depolarizations. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:27226626}.

Validation Data



Western Blot analysis of HL-60 whole cell lysates were separated by 4-20% SDS-PAGE, and the membrane was blotted with anti-CACNA1F rabbit mAb. The HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG(H + L) antibody was used to detect the antibody.

| Contact information

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