

# Cytokeratin 14 (CK14) (ABT214R) Rabbit mAb (Ready to Use)

CatalogNo: YM7096R Recombinant R

## Key Features

Host Species

Rabbit

Reactivity

Human,Mouse,Rat,

Applications
• IHC

IsotypeIgG1,Kappa

#### **Recommended Dilution Ratios**

Ready to use for IHC

#### **Storage**

Storage*	2°C to 8°C/1 year
Formulation	The prediluted ready-to-use antibody is diluted in phosphate buffer saline containing stabilizing protein and 0.05% Proclin 300

#### **Basic Information**

Clonality	Monoclonal
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Clone Number ABT214R

#### Immunogen Information

ImmunogenSynthesized peptide derived from human Cytokeratin 14 AA range:400-472SpecificityThis antibody detects endogenous levels of Cytokeratin 14

# Target Information

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Gene name	KRT14		
Protein Name	Keratin, type I cytoskeletal 14 (Cytoke		
	Organism	Gene ID	UniProt ID
	Human	<u>3861;</u>	<u>P02533;</u>
Cellular Localization	Cytoplasmic, Membranous		
Tissue specificity	Expressed in the corneal epithelium (a basal layer, lowered within the more a spinosum, stratum granulosum but is r in the outer root sheath of anagen folli sheath or hair (PubMed:9457912). Fou telogen (PubMed:9457912).	bically located layers specifica not detected in stratum cornet cles but not in the germinative	ally in the stratum um. Strongly expressed e matrix, inner root
Function	Disease:Defects in KRT14 are a cause of epidermolysis bullosa simplex Dowling-Meara typ (DM-EBS) [MIM:131760]. DM-EBS is a severe form of intraepidermal epidermolysis bullosa characterized by generalized herpetiform blistering, milia formation, dystrophic nails, and mucous membrane involvement.,Disease:Defects in KRT14 are a cause of epidermolysis bullosa simplex Koebner type (K-EBS) [MIM:131900]. K-EBS is a form of intraepidermal epidermolysis bullosa characterized by generalized skin blistering. The phenotype is not fundamentally distinct from the Dowling-Meara type, althought it is less severe.,Disease:Defects in KRT14 are a cause of epidermolysis bullosa simplex Weber-Cockayne type (WC-EBS) [MIM:131800]. WC-EBS is a form of intraepidermal epidermolysis bullosa characterized by blistering limited to palmar and plantar areas of the skin.,Disease:Defects in KRT14 are the cause of dermatopathia pigmentosa reticularis (DPI [MIM:125595]. DPR is a rare ectodermal dysplasia characterized by lifelong persistant reticulate hyperpigmentation, noncicatricial alopecia, and nail dystrophy.,Disease:Defects in KRT14 are the cause of the feet.,Disease:Defects in KRT14 are the cause of epidermolysis bullosa characterized by localized blistering on the dorsal, lateral and plantar surfaces of the feet.,Disease:Defects in KRT14 are the cause of Naegeli-Franceschetti-Jadassohn syndrome (NFJS) [MIM:161000]; also known as Naegeli syndrome. NFJS is a rare autosomal dominant form of ectodermal dysplasia. The cardinal features are absence of dermatoglyphics (fingerprints), reticular function and discomfort provoked by heat, nail dystrophy, and tooth enamel defects.,Function:The nonhelical tail domain is involved in promoting KRT5-KRT14 filament to self-organize into large bundles and enhances the mechanical properties involved in resilience of keratin intermediate filaments in vitro.,miscellaneous:There are two types of cytoskeletal and microfibrillar keratin: 1 (acidic; 40-55 kDa) and II (neutral to basic; 56-70 KDa),.similarity:Bel		epidermolysis bullosa dystrophic nails, and use of epidermolysis of intraepidermal he phenotype is not ess sa simplex Weber- idermal epidermolysis as of the nentosa reticularis (DPR) ifelong persistant ophy.,Disease:Defects in cessive (AREBS) aracterized by localized ase:Defects in KRT14 MIM:161000]; also n of ectodermal gerprints), reticular without a preceding diminished sweat gland enamel g KRT5-KRT14 filaments operties involved in here are two types of eutral to basic; 56-70 alar location:Expressed e I and two type II and with keratin tected in the basal the stratum spinosum, ly expressed in the ix, inner root sheath or

## Validation Data



Human prostate was stained with anti-Cytokeratin 14 (CK14) (ABT214R) rabbit mAb



Human tonsil was stained with anti-Cytokeratin 14 (CK14) (ABT214R) rabbit mAb

#### **Contact information**

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Please scan the QR code to access additional product information: Cytokeratin 14 (CK14) (ABT214R) Rabbit mAb (Ready to Use)

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Antibody | ELISA Kits | Protein | Reagents