

β Catenin (4F2) Mouse mAb

CatalogNo: YM3403 **Orthogonal Validated** 

Key Features

Host Species

- Mouse

Reactivity

- Human, Mouse, Rat, Zebrafish

Applications

- WB, IF, IHC

MW

- 92kD (Observed)

Storage

Storage* -15°C to -25°C/1 year (Do not lower than -25°C)**Formulation** PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.5% BSA, 0.02% sodium azide as Preservative and 50% Glycerol.

Recommended Dilution Ratios

WB 1:1000-2000**IHC 1:200-500****IF 1:200**

Basic Information

Clonality Monoclonal**Clone Number** 4F2

Immunogen Information

Immunogen Recombinant Protein of Catenin-β**Specificity** The antibody detects endogenous Catenin-β protein.

Target Information

Gene name CTNNB1 CTNNB OK/SW-cl.35 PRO2286

Protein Name Catenin-β; b-catenin; Beta catenin; Beta-catenin; Cadherin associated protein; Catenin (cadherin associated protein), beta 1, 88 kDa; Catenin beta 1; Catenin beta-1; CATNB; CHBCAT; CTNNB1_HUMAN; CTNNB; CTNNB1; DKFZp686D02253; FLJ25606; FLJ37923; OTTHUMP00000162082; OTTHUMP00000165222; OTTHUMP00000165223; OTTHUMP00000209288; OTTHUMP00000209289

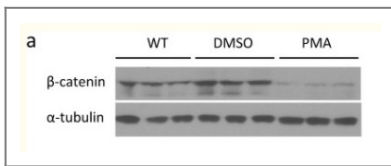
Organism	Gene ID	UniProt ID
Human	1499	P35222
Mouse	12387	Q02248
Rat	84353	Q9WU82

Cellular Localization Cytoplasm . Nucleus . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton . Cell junction, adherens junction . Cell junction . Cell membrane . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle pole. Cell junction, synapse . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, cilium basal body . Colocalized with RAPGEF2 and TJP1 at cell-cell contacts (By similarity). Cytoplasmic when it is unstabilized (high level of phosphorylation) or bound to CDH1. Translocates to the nucleus when it is stabilized (low level of phosphorylation). Interaction with GLIS2 and MUC1 promotes nuclear translocation. Interaction with EMD inhibits nuclear localization. The majority of beta-catenin is localized to the cell membrane. In interphase, colocalizes with CROCC between CEP250 puncta at the proximal end of centrioles, and this localization is dependent on CROCC and CEP250. In mitosis, when NEK2 activity increases, it localizes to centrosomes at spindle poles independent of CROCC. Colocalizes with CDK5 in the cell-cell contacts and plasma membrane of undifferentiated and differentiated neuroblastoma cells. Interaction with FAM53B promotes translocation to the nucleus (PubMed:25183871) .

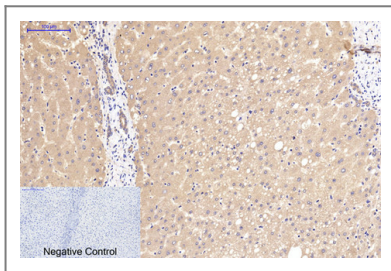
Tissue specificity Expressed in several hair follicle cell types: basal and peripheral matrix cells, and cells of the outer and inner root sheaths. Expressed in colon. Present in cortical neurons (at protein level). Expressed in breast cancer tissues (at protein level) (PubMed:29367600).

Function Disease: A chromosomal rearrangement involving CTNNB1 may be a cause of salivary gland pleomorphic adenomas (PA) [181030]. Pleomorphic adenomas are the most common benign epithelial tumors of the salivary gland. Translocation t(3;8)(p21;q12) with PLAG1. Disease: Activating mutations in CTNNB1 have oncogenic activity resulting in tumor development. Somatic mutations are found in various tumor types, including colon cancers, ovarian and prostate carcinomas, hepatoblastoma (HB), hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC). HBs are malignant embryonal tumors mainly affecting young children in the first three years of life. Disease: Defects in CTNNB1 are a cause of medulloblastoma (MDB) [MIM:155255]. MDB is a malignant, invasive embryonal tumor of the cerebellum with a preferential manifestation in children. Disease: Defects in CTNNB1 are a cause of pilomatricoma (PTR) [MIM:132600]; a common benign skin tumor. Disease: Defects in CTNNB1 are associated with colorectal cancer (CRC) [MIM:114500]. Disease: Defects in CTNNB1 are associated with ovarian cancer [MIM:167000]. Ovarian cancer is the leading cause of death from gynecologic malignancy. It is characterized by advanced presentation with loco-regional dissemination in the peritoneal cavity and the rare incidence of visceral metastases. These typical features relate to the biology of the disease, which is a principal determinant of outcome. Function: Involved in the regulation of cell adhesion and in signal transduction through the Wnt pathway. online information: Beta-catenin entry, PTM: EGF stimulates tyrosine phosphorylation. Phosphorylation on Tyr-654 decreases CDH1 binding and enhances TBP binding. PTM: Phosphorylation by GSK3B requires prior phosphorylation of Ser-45 by another kinase. Phosphorylation proceeds then from Thr-41 to Ser-37 and Ser-33. PTM: Ubiquitinated by a E3 ubiquitin ligase complex containing UBE2D1, SIAH1, CACYBP/SIP, SKP1A, APC and TBL1X (Probable). Its ubiquitination leads to its subsequent proteasomal degradation. similarity: Belongs to the beta-catenin family. similarity: Contains 12 ARM repeats. subcellular location: Cytoplasmic when it is unstabilized (high level of phosphorylation) or bound to CDH1. Translocates to the nucleus when it is stabilized (low level of phosphorylation). Interaction with GLIS2 and MUC1 promotes nuclear translocation. subunit: Two separate pools are found in the cytoplasm: one is PSEN1/cadherin/catenin complex which anchors to the actin cytoskeleton. The other pool is part of a large complex containing AXIN1, AXIN2, APC, CSNK1A1 and GSK3B that promotes phosphorylation on N-terminal Ser and Thr residues and ubiquitination of CTNNB1 via BTRC and its subsequent degradation by the proteasome. Wnt-dependent activation of DVL antagonizes the action of GSK3B. When GSK3B activity is inhibited the complex dissociates, CTNNB1 is dephosphorylated and is no longer targeted for destruction. The stabilized protein translocates to the nucleus, where it binds TCF/LEF-1 family members, TBP, BCL9 and possibly also RUVBL1 and CHD8. Binds CTNNBIP and EP300. CTNNB1 forms a ternary complex with LEF1 and EP300 that is disrupted by CTNNBIP binding (By similarity). Interacts with TAX1BP3 (via the PDZ domain); this interaction inhibits the transcriptional activity of CTNNB1 (By similarity). Interacts with AJAP1, BAIAP1, CARM1, CTNNA3, CXADR and PCDH11Y. Binds SLC9A3R1. Interacts with GLIS2 and MUC1. Interacts with SLC30A9. Interacts with XIRP1 (By similarity). Interacts with PTPRU (via the cytoplasmic juxtamembrane domain). tissue specificity: Expressed in several hair follicle cell types: basal and peripheral matrix cells, and cells of the outer and inner root sheaths. Expressed in colon. .

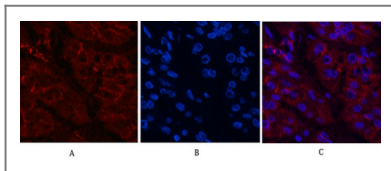
Validation Data



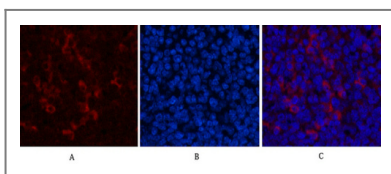
Liu, Taian, et al. "Developmental protein kinase C hyper-activation results in microcephaly and behavioral abnormalities in zebrafish." *Translational psychiatry* 8 (2018).



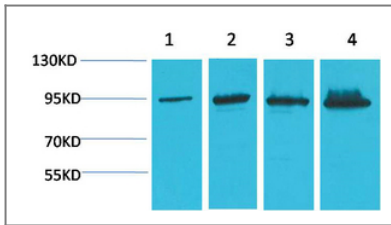
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-liver tissue. 1, Catenin-β Monoclonal Antibody(4F2) was diluted at 1:200(4°C, overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C, 20min). 3, Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



Immunofluorescence analysis of Human-stomach-cancer tissue. 1, Catenin-β Monoclonal Antibody(4F2)(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C, overnight). 2, Cy3 labeled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min). 3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A: Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



Immunofluorescence analysis of Mouse-spleen tissue. 1, Catenin-β Monoclonal Antibody(4F2)(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C, overnight). 2, Cy3 labeled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min). 3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A: Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



Western blot analysis of 1) HeLa, 2) 293T, 3) Mouse Liver Tissue, 4) Rat Liver Tissue using Catenin- β Monoclonal Antibody.

Contact information

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Mouse mAb

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