

CD79b (PN0260) Nb-FC recombinant antibody

CatalogNo: YA0084 Recombinant R

Key Features

Reactivity Applications
• Human • ELISA

Recommended Dilution Ratios

ELISA 1:5000-100000

Storage

Storage* -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Avoid freeze / thaw cycles)

Formulation Phosphate-buffered solution

Basic Information

Source Camel, chimeric fusion of Nanobody (VHH) and mouse IgG1 Fc domain, recombinantly

produced from 293F cell

Purification Camel, chimeric fusion of Nanobody (VHH) and mouse IgG1 Fc domain, recombinantly

produced from 293F cell

Clone Number PN0260

Immunogen Information

Immunogen Purified recombinant Human CD79b

Specificity This recombinant monoclonal antibody can detects endogenous levels of CD79b protein.

Target Information

Gene name CD79B B29 IGB

Protein Name B-cell antigen receptor complex-associated protein beta chain (B-cell-specific glycoprotein

B29) (Ig-beta) (Immunoglobulin-associated B29 protein) (CD antigen CD79b)

Organism	Gene ID	UniProt ID	
Human	<u>974</u> ;	<u>P40259</u> ;	

Cellular Localization Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Following antigen binding, the BCR has been shown to translocate from detergent-soluble regions of the cell membrane to lipid rafts although signal transduction through the complex can also occur outside lipid rafts. .

Tissue specificity B-cells

Function

Disease: Defects in CD79B are a cause of non-Bruton type agammaglobulinemia [MIM:601495]. Agammaglobulinemia is an immunodeficiency disease which results in developmental defects in the maturation pathway of B-cells., Required in cooperation with CD79A for initiation of the signal transduction cascade activated by the B-cell antigen receptor complex (BCR) which leads to internalization of the complex, trafficking to late endosomes and antigen presentation. Enhances phosphorylation of CD79A, possibly by recruiting kinases which phosphorylate CD79A or by recruiting proteins which bind to CD79A and protect it from dephosphorylation., online information: CD79B mutation db,PTM:Phosphorylated on tyrosine upon B-cell activation.,similarity:Contains 1 Iq-like Vtype (immunoglobulin-like) domain., similarity: Contains 1 ITAM domain., subcellular location:Following antigen binding, the BCR has been shown to translocate from detergentsoluble regions of the cell membrane to lipid rafts although signal transduction through the complex can also occur outside lipid rafts...subunit:Heterodimer of alpha and beta chains: disulfide-linked. Part of the B-cell antigen receptor complex where the alpha/beta chain heterodimer is non-covalently associated with an antigen-specific membrane-bound surface immunoglobulin of two heavy chains and two light chains., tissue specificity: B-cells.,

| Validation Data

Contact information

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